FINANCIAL STATEMENTS





### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Members of Allied Rainbow Communities International

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Allied Rainbow Communities International, which comprise the balance sheet as at June 30, 2014 and the statements of operations and net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. These standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Allied Rainbow Communities International as at June 30, 2014 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

September 30, 2014 Dartmouth, Nova Scotia

# BALANCE SHEET AS AT JUNE 30, 2014

CURRENT ASSETS	ASSETS	2014 \$	2013 \$
Cash Accounts receivable		441,473	193,550 186,710
COMPUTERS - at cost, net of accumulated amortization of \$7,732 (2013 - \$5,957)		441,473	380,260
		1,796	2,884
		443,269	383,144
CURRENT LIABILITIES  Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue	LIABILITIES	38,844 336,036	201,398 45,832
		<u>374,880</u>	<u>43,832</u> 247,230
	NET ASSETS		
UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS		68,389	135,914
		443,269	383,144

SIGNED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Kim Vance

Who Witsher Director

Director



# STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND NET ASSETS

	2014 \$	2013 \$
REVENUES	Ψ	Ψ
Government grants	22,649	120,898
Foundations	215,066	327,703
Membership and donations	325,314	356,600
NGO - LLH (schedule)	71,767	=
- Other NGO	45,777	26,964
	680,573	832,165
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Activists guide and Yogukarta principles	31,123	24,179
Administration and organizational development	123,079	97,233
Amortization	1,775	3,526
Bank charges	1,534	1,084
Civil Society briefing and HRC participation (schedule)	73,508	-
Communications	29,370	5,340
International dialogue	9,734	26,321
Network development	111,970	55,275
Professional fees	8,175	5,336
Resource and capacity building	46,503	30,588
SOGI Regional Meetings	36,845	409,329
UN engagement	210,620	132,781
UN strategic consultation (Istanbul)	63,862	
	<u>748,098</u>	790,992
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(67,525)	41,173
UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	135,914	94,741
UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	68,389	135,914



# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2014 \$	2013 \$
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures Adjustments to earnings not involving cash -	(67,525)	41,173
Amortization	1,775	3,526
	(65,750)	44,699
Changes in non-cash working capital - Decrease (Increase) in accounts receivable Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Increase (Decrease) in deferred revenue  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	186,710 (162,556) 290,204 248,608	(186,712) 126,699 (76,121) (91,435)
Purchase of computers	(685)	
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	247,923	(91,435)
CASH - BEGINNING OF YEAR	193,550	284,985
CASH - END OF YEAR	441,473	193,550



#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Allied Rainbow Communities International (the "organization") is incorporated under The Canada Corporations Act since July 8, 2003. The organization is exempt from income taxes. Its main objective is to conduct research, educate, and disseminate information in connection with human rights for lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgendered people and their families internationally

### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Basis of Accounting

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles and include the following significant accounting policies:

#### Cash

The organization defines cash as the amount of cash on hand and cash on deposit net of cheques that are issued and outstanding at the end of the year.

#### Foreign Currency Transactions

The organization uses the specific identification method to translate its foreign currency transactions into Canadian dollars. Assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses are translated at their historical rates. Exchange gains and losses are included in the statement of operations.

#### Computers

Computers, which comprise the only capital assets of the organization, are carried at cost. Amortization is calculated using the declining balance method at the annual rate of 55% for computers. In the year of acquisition, amortization is calculated at half the normal rate.

#### Deferral Accounting

The organization follows the deferral method of accounting. Under the deferral method, revenue is recognized when expenses related to the revenue are incurred.

#### Revenue Recognition

The organization records revenue on the accrual basis and recognizes revenue as the terms of its grants agreements and contracts are completed and the related expenses are incurred.

#### Financial Instruments

The organization measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at cost which approximates fair value.

#### Statement of Cash Flows

The organization prepares the statement of cash flows on a net cash basis and reports cash flows from operating and financing activities using the indirect method.

### Use Of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as at June 30, 2014 and the reported amount of revenues and expenses for the year then ended. These estimates are reviewed periodically, and, as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in earnings in the period in which they become known.



#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

# 2. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The significant financial risks to which the organization is exposed are credit risk, interest rate risk and liquidity risk.

#### Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the organization to credit risk consist of cash, and accounts receivable. The organization uses reputable institutions for cash, and believes the risk of loss to be remote. The organization has accounts receivable from corporate members, none of which the organization believes represent a significant credit risk.

### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the organization will not be able to meet its obligations as they become due. The organization's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it always has sufficient cash flows, cash on hand, and credit facilities to meet its operating obligations.

# Currency Risk

The organization is exposed to financial risks as a result of exchange rate fluctuations and the volatility of these rates. In the normal course of business, the organization makes purchases and receives funding in U.S dollars. The organization recognizes approximately 86% (2013 - 80%) of it's revenues in foreign currency.



# SCHEDULE - CIVIL SOCIETY BRIEFING AND HRC PARTICIPATION

REVENUE	\$
LLH / Foreign Ministry of Norway (50,000 Euros)	71,767
PROJECT EXPENSES	
Geneva Briefing / Regional and Identity-based Outreach	
Travel and accommodations Per diems Venue and refreshments Logistics and coordination	12,100 2,200 267 
	17,461
HRC / UN Resolution  Travel and accommodations Per diems Communications Side event at HRC in Geneva NGO training and mentoring	25,005 3,883 1,500 1,180 
	37,768
Coordination, Communications and Project Management	
Communications (conference calls, translation and web development) Project management	8,462 9,817
	18,279
TOTAL PROECT EXPENSES	73,508
EXCESS OF EXPENSES OVER REVENUE	(1,741)

